

Environmental Information for Electricity offered by SmartEnergy Holdings, LLC

Electric Suppliers are required by the New Hampshire Department of Energy to provide customers with an environmental disclosure label with information to evaluate services offered by competitive suppliers and electric utilities, and to provide information about the environmental and public health impacts of electric generation. Further information can be obtained by calling your electric utility or competitive electric supplier, or by contacting the New Hampshire Department of Energy. Additional information on disclosure labels is also available at <https://www.energy.nh.gov/> or on your electric provider's website.

Energy Source (Fuel Mix)		
SmartEnergy Holdings, LLC used the following energy resources to supply electricity in New Hampshire for the period January 1, 2024, through December 31, 2024		
Power Source	Supplier's Mix	New England Mix
Biomass	1.52	1.52
Coal	0.16	0.16
Hydro	6.53	6.53
Landfill Gas	0.43	0.43
Municipal Trash	0.47	0.47
Natural Gas	46.68	46.68
Nuclear	23.56	23.56
Oil (Diesel & Jet)	5.27	5.27
Other Renewable	3.67	3.67
Solar	8.24	8.24
Wind	2.72	2.72
Wood	0.75	0.75
Total	100.00%	100.00%

Air Emissions		
Carbon Dioxide (CO₂), Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂) and Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) emission rates from these sources relative to the regional average.		
Emission Type	Pounds per MWh	% of Regional Average
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x)	0.55	0.55
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)	0.196	0.196
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	723.309	723.309

With in-depth analysis, the environmental characteristics of any form of electric generation will reveal benefits as well as costs. For further information, contact SmartEnergy by phone at 1-800-443-4440 (toll-free), from 8 AM to 7 PM (Mon – Fri and 9 AM to 6 PM (Sat) Eastern Time. Updates to this disclosure document will be made electronically and available at www.SmartEnergy.com.

Definitions

Power Sources: The electricity you consume comes from the New England power grid, which receives power from a variety of power plants and transmits the power as needed to meet the requirements of all customers in New England. When you choose a power supplier, that supplier is responsible for generating and/or purchasing power that is added to the power grid in an amount equivalent to your electricity use. “Known Resources” include resources that are owned by, or under contract to, the supplier. “System Power” represents power purchased in the regional electricity market. Electric suppliers are required to obtain a certain amount of renewable energy in accordance with RSA 362-F, the state’s renewable portfolio standard law. They may also choose to obtain amounts of renewable energy above their legal obligation, and utilities must also offer a renewable energy option to allow customers to choose to support the purchase of renewable energy by the utility.

Emissions:

Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) is released when fossil fuels (e.g., coal, oil and natural gas) are burned. CO₂, a greenhouse gas, is a major contributor to climate change.

Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x) form when fossil fuels and biomass are burned at high temperatures. They contribute to acid rain and ground-level ozone (or smog) and may cause respiratory illness with frequent high-level exposure. NO_x also contributes to oxygen deprivation of lakes and coastal waters which is destructive to fish and other animal life.

Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) is formed when fuels containing sulfur are burned, primarily coal and oil. Major health effects associated with SO₂ include asthma, respiratory illness and aggravation of existing cardiovascular disease. SO₂ combines with water and oxygen in the atmosphere to form acid rain, which raises the acid level of lakes and streams, and accelerates the decay of buildings and monuments.